

Your essential illustrated coding guide for gastroenterology, including CPT®, HCPCS Level II, tips, CPT® to ICD-10-CM Cross References, NCCI edits, and RVU information

CODERS' SPECIALTY GUIDE

Gastroenterology



2026

Contents

Introduction
Helpful Information for Using the Coders' Specialty Guide
General Surgical Procedures5
Integumentary System11
Musculoskeletal System
Respiratory System
Hemic and Lymphatic Systems19
Digestive System
Urinary System702
Operating Microscope
Radiology
Pathology and Laboratory
Medicine
Evaluation and Management803
Category III Codes
Proprietary Laboratory Analyses870
HCPCS Level II Codes
Medical and Surgical Supplies
Enteral and Parenteral Therapy881
Outpatient PPS882
Procedures/Professional Services
Medical Services
Temporary Codes
Temporary National Codes (Non-Medicare)
Hearing Services912
ICD-10-CM Cross Reference Details913
Modifier Descriptors989
Terminology999

+10004 - 10005

General Surgical Procedures

+10004

Fine needle aspiration biopsy, without imaging guidance; each additional lesion (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

Clinical Responsibility

With the patient properly prepared and anesthetized (typically with local anesthesia) and following FNA of an initial lesion, the provider inserts a needle, such as an 18- to 25-gauge needle with an attached syringe, into an additional suspicious lesion or area of tissue and withdraws cells, tissue, or fluid for laboratory analysis. The provider may make several passes to obtain an adequate specimen. The provider then sends the aspirate to the pathology lab for analysis.

Coding Tips

For FNA of an initial lesion using imaging guidance, see 10005 (ultrasound), 10007 (fluoroscopy), 10009 (CT), and 10011 (MRI) and +10006, +10008, +10010 and +10012 for each additional lesion respectively.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$42.05, Non Facility Fee: \$51.75

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 0.80, Practice Exp. RVU 0.37, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 1.30

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 0.80, Practice Exp. RVU 0.67, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 1.60

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period ZZZ, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 3

Modifier Allowances

52, 53, 58, 59, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 99, AQ, AR, AS, GA, GC, GZ, LT, PD, Q6, QJ, RT, SC, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

 $0213T^1,0216T^1,10012^1,10035^1,19281^1,19283^1,19285^1,19287^1,\\ 36000^1,36410^1,36591^0,36592^0,61650^1,62324^1,62325^1,62326^1,\\ 62327^1,64415^1,64416^1,64417^1,64450^1,64454^1,64486^1,64487^1,\\ 64488^1,64489^1,64490^1,64493^1,76000^1,76380^1,76942^1,76998^1,\\ 77001^1,77002^1,77012^1,77021^1,96360^1,96365^1,96372^1,96374^1,\\ 96375^1,96376^1,96377^1,96523^0$

ICD-10-CM Cross References

C00.3, C01, C02.9, C04.1, C06.9, C07, C08.0, C12, C13.9, C15.9, C22.0-C22.4, C22.7, C22.8, C32.1, C32.8, C34.30-C34.32, C43.20-C43.22, C43.30-C43.39, C43.51-C43.59, C43.60-C43.62, C46.0, C50.011-C50.019, C50.111-C50.119, C50.211-C50.219, C50.411-C50.419, C50.811-C50.819, C50.911-C50.919, C51.9, C76.0, C76.1, C77.0, C77.3, C79.2, C79.81, C79.89, C79.9, C82.50, C82.51, C82.55, C82.59, C83.31-C83.35, C84.90, C84.91, C84.95, C84.99,

C84.9A, C84.A0, C84.A1, C84.A5, C84.A9, C84.AA, C84.Z0, C84.Z1, C84.Z5, C84.Z9, C84.ZA, C85.10, C85.11, C85.15, C85.19, C85.1A, C85.20, C85.21, C85.25, C85.29, C85.2A, C85.80, C85.81, C85.85, C85.89, C85.8A, C85.90, C85.91, C85.95, C85.99, C85.9A, C86.00, C86.01, C86.40, C86.41, C88.80, C88.81, C94.40-C94.42, C94.6, D03.20-D03.22, D03.30, D03.39, D03.51-D03.59, D03.60-D03.62, D05.00-D05.02, D05.10-D05.12, D05.80-D05.82, D05.90-D05.92, D11.0-D11.9, D17.0, D17.1, D17.20-D17.24, D17.30, D17.39, D17.72, D17.79, D17.9, D19.7, D21.0, D22.5, D22.70-D22.72, D23.5, D23.70-D23.72, D36.0, D36.7, D37.030-D37.039, D44.0-D44.2, D44.9, D47.1, D47.2, D47.9, D47.Z9, D48.0-D48.2, D48.60-D48.62, D48.7, D48.9, D49.0-D49.7, D49.9, D64.9, D75.9, D78.01, D78.02, D78.21, D78.22, D89.2, E01.0-E01.2, E03.4, E03.9, E04.0-E04.9, E06.0, E07.89, E07.9, E35, E36.01, E36.02, E65, E78.71, E89.820-E89.823, G97.31, G97.32, G97.51, G97.52, G97.63, G97.64, H66.10-H66.13, H69.80-H69.83, H93.8X1-H93.8X9, H94.80-H94.83, H95.21, H95.22, H95.41, H95.42, H95.53, H95.54, 142.0-142.5, 142.8, 142.9, 170.235, 170.245, 170.335, 170.345, 170.435, 170.445, 170.535, 170.545, 170.635, 170.645, 170.735, 170.745, 182.91, 188.1-188.9, 189.8, 197.410-197.418, 197.42, 197.610-197.618, 197.622, 197.640-197.648, J95.61, J95.62, J95.830, J95.831, J95.862, J95.863, J98.4, K11.20-K11.23, K11.3-K11.6, K11.9, K91.61, K91.62, K91.840, K91.841, K91.870-K91.873, L02.31, L02.415, L02.416, L02.419, L02.91, L03.115, L03.116, L03.119, L03.125, L03.126, L03.129, L03.317, L03.327, L03.90, L03.91, L57.0, L76.01, L76.02, L76.21, L76.22, L76.31-L76.34, L97.501-L97.504, L97.509, L97.511-L97.514, L97.519, L97.521-L97.524, L97.529, L98.3, L98.7, M54.2, M70.20-M70.22, M71.30, M77.10-M77.12, M79.4, M81.0, M96.810, M96.811, M96.830, M96.831, M96.840-M96.843, N60.01-N60.09, N60.11-N60.19, N61.0, N62, N63.0, N63.10-N63.15, N63.20-N63.25, N63.31, N63.32, N63.41, N63.42, N64.1, N64.4, N99.61, N99.62, N99.820, N99.821, N99.840-N99.843, Q18.0-Q18.9, Q87.2, Q87.3, Q87.5, Q87.81, Q87.89, Q89.2, Q89.8, R13.0, R13.10, R18.8, R19.02, R20.8, R20.9, R22.0-R22.2, R22.30-R22.33, R22.40-R22.43, R22.9, R29.4, R59.0-R59.9, R68.89, R69, R90.0, R92.1, R92.8, R99, S90.421D, S90.422D, S90.423D, S90.424D, S90.425D, S90.426D, S90.521D, S90.522D, S90.529D, S90.821D, S90.822D, S90.829D, S90.869A, Z00.6, Z12.89, Z85.21, Z85.3, Z85.6, Z86.79

10005

Fine needle aspiration biopsy, including ultrasound guidance; first lesion

Clinical Responsibility

With the patient properly prepared and anesthetized (typically with local anesthesia), the provider inserts a needle, such as an 18-to 25-gauge needle with an attached syringe, under ultrasound imaging guidance into a suspicious lesion or area of tissue and withdraws cells, tissue, or fluid for laboratory analysis. The provider may make several passes to obtain an adequate specimen. The provider then sends the aspirate to the pathology lab for analysis.

Coding Tips

Report +10006 for each additional lesion in addition to the primary code 10005.

For FNA of an initial lesion using other types of imaging guidance, see 10007 (fluoroscopy), 10009 (CT), and 10011 (MRI) and +10008, +10010 and +10012 for each additional lesion respectively.

If different imaging guidance modalities are used for separate lesions, add modifier 59, Distinct procedural service, to the appropriate primary code.

For FNA without imaging guidance, report 10021 for the initial lesion and +10004 for each additional lesion.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$70.19, Non Facility Fee: \$129.06

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 1.46, Practice Exp. RVU 0.55, Malpractice RVU 0.16. Total RVU 2.17

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 1.46, Practice Exp. RVU 2.37, Malpractice RVU 0.16, Total RVU 3.99

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period XXX, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 1

Modifier Allowances

51, 52, 53, 58, 59, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 99, AG, AQ, AR, AS, GA, GC, GZ, LT, PD, Q6, QJ, RT, SC, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

 $0213T^1,0216T^1,10004^1,10008^1,10010^1,10011^1,10012^1,10021^1,\\ 10035^1,11102^1,11103^1,11104^1,11105^1,11106^1,11107^1,19281^1,\\ 19283^1,19285^1,19287^1,36000^1,36410^1,36591^0,36592^0,61650^1,\\ 62324^1,62325^1,62326^1,62327^1,64415^1,64416^1,64417^1,64450^1,\\ 64454^1,64486^1,64487^1,64488^1,64489^1,64490^1,64493^1,76000^1,\\ 76380^1,76942^1,76998^1,77001^1,77002^1,77012^1,77021^1,96360^1,\\ 96365^1,96372^1,96374^1,96375^1,96376^1,96377^1,96523^0$

ICD-10-CM Cross References

ICD-10-CM contains hundreds of matches for this code. Please check individual payer guidelines for specific coverage determinations.

+10006

Fine needle aspiration biopsy, including ultrasound guidance; each additional lesion (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

Clinical Responsibility

With the patient properly prepared and anesthetized (typically with local anesthesia) and following FNA of an initial lesion, the provider inserts a needle, such as an 18- to 25-gauge needle with an attached syringe, under ultrasound imaging guidance into an additional suspicious lesion or area of tissue and withdraws cells, tissue, or fluid for laboratory analysis. The provider may make several passes to obtain an adequate specimen. The provider then sends the aspirate to the pathology lab for analysis.

Coding Tips

For FNA of an initial lesion using other types of imaging guidance, see 10007 (fluoroscopy), 10009 (CT), and 10011 (MRI) and +10008, +10010 and +10012 for each additional lesion respectively.

For FNA without imaging guidance, report 10021 for the initial lesion and +10004 for each additional lesion.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$47.87, Non Facility Fee: \$58.22

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 1.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.38, Malpractice RVU 0.10, Total RVU 1.48

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 1.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.70, Malpractice RVU 0.10, Total RVU 1.80

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period ZZZ, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 3

Modifier Allowances

52, 53, 58, 59, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 99, AQ, AR, AS, GA, GC, GZ, LT, PD, Q6, QJ, RT, SC, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

 $0213T^1,0216T^1,10004^1,10035^1,19281^1,19283^1,19285^1,19287^1,\\36000^1,36410^1,36591^0,36592^0,61650^1,62324^1,62325^1,62326^1,\\62327^1,64415^1,64416^1,64417^1,64450^1,64454^1,64486^1,64487^1,\\64488^1,64489^1,64490^1,64493^1,76000^1,76380^1,76942^1,76998^1,\\77001^1,77002^1,77012^1,77021^1,96360^1,96365^1,96372^1,96374^1,\\96375^1,96376^1,96377^1,96523^0$

ICD-10-CM Cross References

ICD-10-CM contains hundreds of matches for this code. Please check individual payer guidelines for specific coverage determinations.

10007

Fine needle aspiration biopsy, including fluoroscopic guidance; first lesion

Clinical Responsibility

With the patient properly prepared and anesthetized (typically with local anesthesia), the provider inserts a needle, such as an 18-to 25-gauge needle with an attached syringe, under fluoroscopic imaging guidance into a suspicious lesion or area of tissue and withdraws cells, tissue, or fluid for laboratory analysis. The provider may make several passes to obtain an adequate specimen. The provider then sends the aspirate to the pathology lab for analysis.

Coding Tips

Report +10008 for each additional lesion in addition to the primary code 10007.

For FNA of an initial lesion using other types of imaging guidance, see 10005 (ultrasound), 10009 (CT), and 10011 (MRI) and +10006, +10010 and +10012 for each additional lesion respectively.

38573 - 38573

Hemic and Lymphatic Systems

38573

Laparoscopy, surgical; with bilateral total pelvic lymphadenectomy and peri-aortic lymph node sampling, peritoneal washings, peritoneal biopsy(ies), omentectomy, and diaphragmatic washings, including diaphragmatic and other serosal biopsy(ies), when performed

Clinical Responsibility

When the patient is appropriately prepped and anesthetized, the provider makes a small incision at the umbilicus, or navel, and uses this opening to insufflate, or blow a gas such as carbon dioxide (CO2) into the abdomen. This lifts the abdominal wall away from the organs and improves visualization of the treatment site. The provider makes additional small incisions and inserts a laparoscope and other instruments to perform the procedure.

Once the provider enters the abdomen and there is good visualization of the cavity, he removes any adhesions if present. The provider may use suction to evacuate blood and clots from the abdomen to improve visibility prior to beginning the procedure. The provider explores the abdomen and excises all of the lymph nodes on both sides of the pelvic area. The provider then inspects the aortic area and removes any lymph nodes that appear diseased or are in the immediate area of the other diseased tissue. The provider sends these samples to the laboratory for examination. The provider then completely examines the peritoneal cavity for any spread of cancer cells. Once he completes his examination of the peritoneal cavity, the provider washes the peritoneum and diaphragm with a saline solution. The solution, along with any biopsy samples of the peritoneum and diaphragm that the provider obtains, is sent to the laboratory for examination. The provider may also excise all or part of the omentum, in a procedure known as an omentectomy. The provider ensures hemostasis. Finally, he closes the small abdominal incisions in layers.

Coding Tips

For less extensive lymphadenectomy and lymph node sampling procedures, see 38570 to 38572.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$1,147.98, Non Facility Fee: \$1,147.98

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 20.00, Practice Exp. RVU 12.06, Malpractice RVU 3.43, Total RVU 35.49

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 20.00, Practice Exp. RVU 12.06, Malpractice RVU 3.43, Total RVU 35.49

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 010, Preop 10.00%, Intraop 80.00%, Postop 10.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: 49320,

Practitioner MUE: 1

Modifier Allowances

22, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 62, 63, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, AQ, AR, AS, CR, ET, GA, GC, GJ, GR, KX, PD, Q5, Q6, QJ, SC

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

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0213T<sup>0</sup>, 0216T<sup>0</sup>, 0596T<sup>1</sup>, 0597T<sup>1</sup>, 0664T<sup>0</sup>, 0665T<sup>0</sup>, 0667T<sup>0</sup>, 0708T<sup>1</sup>,
0709T^{1}, 10005^{1}, 10007^{1}, 10009^{1}, 10011^{1}, 10021^{1}, 11000^{1}, 11001^{1},
11004<sup>1</sup>, 11005<sup>1</sup>, 11006<sup>1</sup>, 11042<sup>1</sup>, 11043<sup>1</sup>, 11044<sup>1</sup>, 11045<sup>1</sup>, 11046<sup>1</sup>,
11047<sup>1</sup>, 12001<sup>1</sup>, 12002<sup>1</sup>, 12004<sup>1</sup>, 12005<sup>1</sup>, 12006<sup>1</sup>, 12007<sup>1</sup>, 12011<sup>1</sup>,
12013<sup>1</sup>, 12014<sup>1</sup>, 12015<sup>1</sup>, 12016<sup>1</sup>, 12017<sup>1</sup>, 12018<sup>1</sup>, 12020<sup>1</sup>, 12021<sup>1</sup>,
12031<sup>1</sup>, 12032<sup>1</sup>, 12034<sup>1</sup>, 12035<sup>1</sup>, 12036<sup>1</sup>, 12037<sup>1</sup>, 12041<sup>1</sup>, 12042<sup>1</sup>,
12044<sup>1</sup>, 12045<sup>1</sup>, 12046<sup>1</sup>, 12047<sup>1</sup>, 12051<sup>1</sup>, 12052<sup>1</sup>, 12053<sup>1</sup>, 12054<sup>1</sup>,
12055<sup>1</sup>, 12056<sup>1</sup>, 12057<sup>1</sup>, 13100<sup>1</sup>, 13101<sup>1</sup>, 13102<sup>1</sup>, 13120<sup>1</sup>, 13121<sup>1</sup>,
13122<sup>1</sup>, 13131<sup>1</sup>, 13132<sup>1</sup>, 13133<sup>1</sup>, 13151<sup>1</sup>, 13152<sup>1</sup>, 13153<sup>1</sup>, 36000<sup>1</sup>,
36400<sup>1</sup>, 36405<sup>1</sup>, 36406<sup>1</sup>, 36410<sup>1</sup>, 36420<sup>1</sup>, 36425<sup>1</sup>, 36430<sup>1</sup>, 36440<sup>1</sup>,
36591°, 36592°, 366001, 366401, 38562°, 38564°, 38570°, 38571°,
38572°, 38765°, 38770°, 38780°, 43752¹, 44602¹, 44603¹, 44604¹,
44605<sup>1</sup>, 44950<sup>0</sup>, 44970<sup>1</sup>, 49010<sup>1</sup>, 49082<sup>1</sup>, 49083<sup>1</sup>, 49084<sup>1</sup>, 49255<sup>0</sup>,
49320°, 49321<sup>1</sup>, 49326°, 49400°, 51701<sup>1</sup>, 51702<sup>1</sup>, 51703<sup>1</sup>, 52000<sup>1</sup>,
55860°, 55862°, 57410¹, 58150°, 58180°, 58541°, 58542°, 58543°,
58544°, 58550°, 58552°, 58553°, 58950°, 58960°, 62320°, 62321°,
623220, 623230, 623240, 623250, 623260, 623270, 644000, 644050,
64408°, 64415°, 64416°, 64417°, 64418°, 64420°, 64421°, 64425°,
64430°, 64435°, 64445°, 64446°, 64447°, 64448°, 64449°, 64450°,
64451°, 64454°, 64461°, 64462°, 64463°, 64479°, 64480°, 64483°,
64484<sup>0</sup>, 64486<sup>0</sup>, 64487<sup>0</sup>, 64488<sup>0</sup>, 64489<sup>0</sup>, 64490<sup>0</sup>, 64491<sup>0</sup>, 64492<sup>0</sup>,
644930, 644940, 644950, 645050, 645100, 645170, 645200, 645300,
69990<sup>0</sup>, 76000<sup>1</sup>, 77001<sup>1</sup>, 77002<sup>1</sup>, 92012<sup>1</sup>, 92014<sup>1</sup>, 93000<sup>1</sup>, 93005<sup>1</sup>,
93010<sup>1</sup>, 93040<sup>1</sup>, 93041<sup>1</sup>, 93042<sup>1</sup>, 93318<sup>1</sup>, 93355<sup>1</sup>, 94002<sup>1</sup>, 94200<sup>1</sup>,
94680<sup>1</sup>, 94681<sup>1</sup>, 94690<sup>1</sup>, 95812<sup>1</sup>, 95813<sup>1</sup>, 95816<sup>1</sup>, 95819<sup>1</sup>, 95822<sup>1</sup>,
95829<sup>1</sup>, 95955<sup>1</sup>, 96360<sup>1</sup>, 96361<sup>1</sup>, 96365<sup>1</sup>, 96366<sup>1</sup>, 96367<sup>1</sup>, 96368<sup>1</sup>,
96372<sup>1</sup>, 96374<sup>1</sup>, 96375<sup>1</sup>, 96376<sup>1</sup>, 96377<sup>1</sup>, 96523<sup>0</sup>, 97597<sup>1</sup>, 97598<sup>1</sup>,
97602<sup>1</sup>, 99155<sup>0</sup>, 99156<sup>0</sup>, 99157<sup>0</sup>, 99211<sup>1</sup>, 99212<sup>1</sup>, 99213<sup>1</sup>, 99214<sup>1</sup>,
992151, 992211, 992221, 992231, 992311, 992321, 992331, 992341,
992351, 992361, 992381, 992391, 992421, 992431, 992441, 992451,
99252<sup>1</sup>, 99253<sup>1</sup>, 99254<sup>1</sup>, 99255<sup>1</sup>, 99291<sup>1</sup>, 99292<sup>1</sup>, 99304<sup>1</sup>, 99305<sup>1</sup>,
99306<sup>1</sup>, 99307<sup>1</sup>, 99308<sup>1</sup>, 99309<sup>1</sup>, 99310<sup>1</sup>, 99315<sup>1</sup>, 99316<sup>1</sup>, 99347<sup>1</sup>,
99348<sup>1</sup>, 99349<sup>1</sup>, 99350<sup>1</sup>, 99374<sup>1</sup>, 99375<sup>1</sup>, 99377<sup>1</sup>, 99378<sup>1</sup>, 99446<sup>0</sup>,
99447°, 99448°, 99449°, 99451°, 99452°, 99495°, 99496°, G04631,
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ICD-10-CM Cross References

C77.2, C77.5, C7B.01, C81.90, C81.93, C82.03, C82.13, C82.23, C82.33, C82.43, C82.53, C82.63, C82.83, C82.93, C83.13, C83.33, C83.50-C83.53, C83.55, C83.83, C84.43, C84.63, C84.73, C84.A3, C84.Z3, C85.13, C85.23, C85.83, C85.93, C86.20, C86.21, C86.30, C86.31, C88.40, C88.41, I88.1-I88.9, I89.8, L04.1-L04.3, L04.8, L04.9, R59.0-R59.9

Digestive System

40490

Biopsy of lip

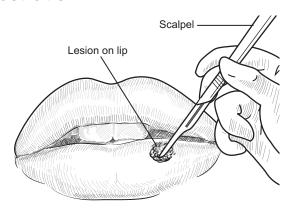
Clinical Responsibility

When the patient is appropriately prepped and anesthetized, the provider incises the lip and removes the lesion including margins of healthy tissue. He does this by making an elliptical incision using a scalpel. The provider then continues the dissection using scissors, identifying the lesion and removing it. The provider stops the bleeding possibly using chemo or electrocautery.

Coding Tips

For other excision procedures on the lip, see range 40500-40530.

Illustration



40490

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$67.28, Non Facility Fee: \$118.39

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 1.22, Practice Exp. RVU 0.73, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 2.08

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 1.22, Practice Exp. RVU 2.31, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 3.66

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 000, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 2

Modifier Allowances

22, 47, 51, 52, 58, 59, 63, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 99, AG, AQ, AR, CR, ET, GA, GC, GJ, GR, KX, PD, Q5, Q6, QJ, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

 $00170^0, 0213T^0, 0216T^0, 0596T^1, 0597T^1, 0708T^1, 0709T^1, 10005^1, \\ 10007^1, 10009^1, 10011^1, 10021^1, 11102^1, 11104^1, 11106^1, 12001^1, \\ 12002^1, 12004^1, 12005^1, 12006^1, 12007^1, 12011^1, 12013^1, 12014^1, \\ 12015^1, 12016^1, 12017^1, 12018^1, 12020^1, 12021^1, 12031^1, 12032^1, \\ \end{aligned}$

12034¹, 12035¹, 12036¹, 12037¹, 12041¹, 12042¹, 12044¹, 12045¹, 12046¹, 12047¹, 12051¹, 12052¹, 12053¹, 12054¹, 12055¹, 12056¹, 12057¹, 13100¹, 13101¹, 13102¹, 13120¹, 13121¹, 13122¹, 13131¹, 13132¹, 13133¹, 13151¹, 13152¹, 13153¹, 36000¹, 36400¹, 36405¹, 36406¹, 36410¹, 36420¹, 36425¹, 36430¹, 36440¹, 36591⁰, 36592⁰, 36600¹, 36640¹, 43752¹, 51701¹, 51702¹, 51703¹, 62320⁰, 62321⁰, 62322⁰, 62323⁰, 62324⁰, 62325⁰, 62326⁰, 62327⁰, 64400⁰, 64405⁰, 64408⁰, 64415⁰, 64416⁰, 64417⁰, 64418⁰, 64420⁰, 64421⁰, 64425⁰, 64430°, 64435°, 64445°, 64446°, 64447°, 64448°, 64449°, 64450°, 644510, 644540, 644610, 644620, 644630, 644790, 644800, 644830, 64484⁰, 64486⁰, 64487⁰, 64488⁰, 64489⁰, 64490⁰, 64491⁰, 64492⁰, 644930, 644940, 644950, 645050, 645100, 645170, 645200, 645300, 69990⁰, 92012¹, 92014¹, 92502⁰, 93000¹, 93005¹, 93010¹, 93040¹, 93041¹, 93042¹, 93318¹, 93355¹, 94002¹, 94200¹, 94680¹, 94681¹, 94690¹, 95812¹, 95813¹, 95816¹, 95819¹, 95822¹, 95829¹, 95955¹, 96360¹, 96361¹, 96365¹, 96366¹, 96367¹, 96368¹, 96372¹, 96374¹, 96375¹, 96376¹, 96377¹, 96523⁰, 99155⁰, 99156⁰, 99157⁰, 99211¹, 99212¹, 99213¹, 99214¹, 99215¹, 99221¹, 99222¹, 99223¹, 99231¹, 99232¹, 99233¹, 99234¹, 99235¹, 99236¹, 99238¹, 99239¹, 99242¹, 99243¹, 99244¹, 99245¹, 99252¹, 99253¹, 99254¹, 99255¹, 99291¹, 99292¹, 99304¹, 99305¹, 99306¹, 99307¹, 99308¹, 99309¹, 99310¹, 99315¹, 99316¹, 99347¹, 99348¹, 99349¹, 99350¹, 99374¹, 99375¹, 99377¹, 99378¹, 99446⁰, 99447⁰, 99448⁰, 99449⁰, 99451⁰, 99452⁰, 99495¹, 99496¹, G0463¹, G0471¹, J0670¹

ICD-10-CM Cross References

C00.0-C00.9, C14.8, C43.0, C44.00-C44.09, C76.0, D03.0, D04.0, D23.0, D37.01, K13.0, K13.1, S00.522S, S00.532D, S00.532S, S00.542S, S00.552S, S00.562D, S00.562S, S00.572D, S00.572S, Z85.818, Z85.819

40500

Vermilionectomy (lip shave), with mucosal advancement

Clinical Responsibility

The provider anesthetizes the area he will excise. He removes the vermilion border of the lip and the diseased areas. He separates the skin from the underlying muscle and removes it. He advances the skin and sutures the remaining labial mucosa to the skin, thereby creating a new vermilion.

Coding Tips

Most of the time, the reason for performing vermilionectomy is actinic cheilitis. A wedge resection with margins, other the other hand, may be used to remove squamous cell carcinoma. Vermilionectomy may be performed as a preventative maneuver or for other lesions. If a wedge resection and lip shave are performed for the same reason, code only 40520.

If two procedures are performed for two different lesions or problems, then this should be clearly stated in the operative report. If this is the case, then, code both 40500, Vermilionectomy (lip shave), with mucosal advancement, and 40520 with modifier 59, Distinct procedural service, appended to the code which has fewer RVUs.

45172

Excision of rectal tumor, transanal approach; including muscularis propria (ie, full thickness)

Clinical Responsibility

When the patient is appropriately prepped and anesthetized, the provider first performs a digital rectal exam and may also perform anoscopy to verify landmarks and the location of the tumor. He then inserts a scalpel, or surgical knife, through the anus. He then performs a full thickness excision of the tumor in the rectum including the muscularis propria, a thin layer of muscle lining the rectum. Finally, he stops all bleeding in the area and sutures the wound in layers as necessary.

Coding Tips

Use 45160, Excision of rectal tumor by proctotomy, transsacral or transcoccygeal approach, when the provider makes an incision in the rectum to excise a tumor present in the rectum, using a transsacral, through the sacrum or transcoccygeal, through the coccyx approach.

Use 45171, Excision of rectal tumor, transanal approach; not including muscularis propria ie, partial thickness, when the provider excises a tumor of the rectum by transanal approach without involving the muscularis propria.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$804.46, Non Facility Fee: \$804.46

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 12.13, Practice Exp. RVU 10.61, Malpractice RVU 2.13, Total RVU 24.87

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 12.13, Practice Exp. RVU 10.61, Malpractice RVU 2.13, Total RVU 24.87

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 090, Preop 9.00%, Intraop 81.00%, Postop 10.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 2

Modifier Allowances

22, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 62, 63, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 99, AQ, AR, AS, CR, ET, GA, GC, GJ, GR, KX, PD, PT, Q5, Q6, QJ, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

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0184T<sup>0</sup>, 0213T<sup>0</sup>, 0216T<sup>0</sup>, 0596T<sup>1</sup>, 0597T<sup>1</sup>, 0708T<sup>1</sup>, 0709T<sup>1</sup>, 11000<sup>1</sup>, 11001<sup>1</sup>, 11004<sup>1</sup>, 11005<sup>1</sup>, 11006<sup>1</sup>, 11042<sup>1</sup>, 11043<sup>1</sup>, 11044<sup>1</sup>, 11045<sup>1</sup>, 11046<sup>1</sup>, 11047<sup>1</sup>, 12001<sup>1</sup>, 12002<sup>1</sup>, 12004<sup>1</sup>, 12005<sup>1</sup>, 12006<sup>1</sup>, 12007<sup>1</sup>, 12011<sup>1</sup>, 12013<sup>1</sup>, 12014<sup>1</sup>, 12015<sup>1</sup>, 12016<sup>1</sup>, 12017<sup>1</sup>, 12018<sup>1</sup>, 12020<sup>1</sup>, 12021<sup>1</sup>, 12031<sup>1</sup>, 12032<sup>1</sup>, 12034<sup>1</sup>, 12035<sup>1</sup>, 12036<sup>1</sup>, 12037<sup>1</sup>, 12041<sup>1</sup>, 12042<sup>1</sup>, 12044<sup>1</sup>, 12045<sup>1</sup>, 12046<sup>1</sup>, 12047<sup>1</sup>, 12051<sup>1</sup>, 12052<sup>1</sup>, 12053<sup>1</sup>, 12054<sup>1</sup>, 12055<sup>1</sup>, 12056<sup>1</sup>, 12057<sup>1</sup>, 13100<sup>1</sup>, 13101<sup>1</sup>, 13102<sup>1</sup>, 13120<sup>1</sup>, 13121<sup>1</sup>, 13122<sup>1</sup>, 13131<sup>1</sup>, 13132<sup>1</sup>, 13133<sup>1</sup>, 13151<sup>1</sup>, 13152<sup>1</sup>, 13153<sup>1</sup>, 36000<sup>1</sup>, 36400<sup>1</sup>, 36405<sup>1</sup>, 36406<sup>1</sup>, 36410<sup>1</sup>, 36420<sup>1</sup>, 36425<sup>1</sup>, 36430<sup>1</sup>, 36440<sup>1</sup>, 36591<sup>0</sup>, 36592<sup>0</sup>, 36600<sup>1</sup>, 36640<sup>1</sup>, 43752<sup>1</sup>, 44701<sup>1</sup>, 44950<sup>0</sup>, 44970<sup>0</sup>, 45171<sup>1</sup>, 45190<sup>1</sup>, 45385<sup>1</sup>, 45390<sup>1</sup>, 45900<sup>0</sup>, 45905<sup>0</sup>, 45910<sup>0</sup>, 45915<sup>0</sup>, 45990<sup>0</sup>, 46040<sup>0</sup>, 46040<sup>0</sup>, 46080<sup>0</sup>, 46220<sup>0</sup>, 46255<sup>1</sup>, 46600<sup>1</sup>, 46601<sup>1</sup>, 46940<sup>0</sup>, 46942<sup>0</sup>, 51701<sup>1</sup>, 51702<sup>1</sup>, 51703<sup>1</sup>, 62320<sup>0</sup>, 62321<sup>0</sup>, 62322<sup>0</sup>, 62323<sup>0</sup>, 62324<sup>0</sup>, 62325<sup>0</sup>, 62326<sup>0</sup>, 62327<sup>0</sup>, 64400<sup>0</sup>, 64405<sup>0</sup>, 64408<sup>0</sup>,
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64415°, 64416°, 64417°, 64418°, 64420°, 64421°, 64425°, 64430°,

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64435°, 64445°, 64446°, 64447°, 64448°, 64449°, 64450°, 64451°,
64454°, 64461°, 64462°, 64463°, 64479°, 64480°, 64483°, 64484°,
64486<sup>0</sup>, 64487<sup>0</sup>, 64488<sup>0</sup>, 64489<sup>0</sup>, 64490<sup>0</sup>, 64491<sup>0</sup>, 64492<sup>0</sup>, 64493<sup>0</sup>,
644940, 644950, 645050, 645100, 645170, 645200, 645300, 699900,
92012<sup>1</sup>, 92014<sup>1</sup>, 93000<sup>1</sup>, 93005<sup>1</sup>, 93010<sup>1</sup>, 93040<sup>1</sup>, 93041<sup>1</sup>, 93042<sup>1</sup>,
93318<sup>1</sup>, 93355<sup>1</sup>, 94002<sup>1</sup>, 94200<sup>1</sup>, 94680<sup>1</sup>, 94681<sup>1</sup>, 94690<sup>1</sup>, 95812<sup>1</sup>,
95813<sup>1</sup>, 95816<sup>1</sup>, 95819<sup>1</sup>, 95822<sup>1</sup>, 95829<sup>1</sup>, 95955<sup>1</sup>, 96360<sup>1</sup>, 96361<sup>1</sup>,
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96377<sup>1</sup>, 96523<sup>0</sup>, 97597<sup>1</sup>, 97598<sup>1</sup>, 97602<sup>1</sup>, 99155<sup>0</sup>, 99156<sup>0</sup>, 99157<sup>0</sup>,
99211<sup>1</sup>, 99212<sup>1</sup>, 99213<sup>1</sup>, 99214<sup>1</sup>, 99215<sup>1</sup>, 99221<sup>1</sup>, 99222<sup>1</sup>, 99223<sup>1</sup>,
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992421, 992431, 992441, 992451, 992521, 992531, 992541, 992551,
99291<sup>1</sup>, 99292<sup>1</sup>, 99304<sup>1</sup>, 99305<sup>1</sup>, 99306<sup>1</sup>, 99307<sup>1</sup>, 99308<sup>1</sup>, 99309<sup>1</sup>,
99310<sup>1</sup>, 99315<sup>1</sup>, 99316<sup>1</sup>, 99347<sup>1</sup>, 99348<sup>1</sup>, 99349<sup>1</sup>, 99350<sup>1</sup>, 99374<sup>1</sup>,
993751, 993771, 993781, 994460, 994470, 994480, 994490, 994510,
99452°, 99495°, 99496°, G0463°, G0471°
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ICD-10-CM Cross References

C20, C21.2, C21.8, C78.5, C7A.026, C7A.096, D01.1, D01.2, D12.7-D12.9, D18.03, D37.1-D37.5, D3A.026, D3A.096, D48.118, D48.119, D48.19, D48.2, K62.7, K62.82, K62.89, K62.9, Q43.4-Q43.9, R85.610-R85.614, R85.618, R85.81, R85.82, T81.40XA-T81.40XS

45190

Destruction of rectal tumor (eg, electrodesiccation, electrosurgery, laser ablation, laser resection, cryosurgery) transanal approach

Clinical Responsibility

When the patient is appropriately prepped and anesthetized, the provider first performs a digital rectal exam and may also perform an anoscopy procedure to verify landmarks and the location of the tumor. Next, through an anal approach he destroys the rectal tumor using a variety of destruction methods such as electrodesiccation, electrosurgery, laser ablation, laser resection, or cryosurgery.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$681.54, Non Facility Fee: \$681.54

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 10.42, Practice Exp. RVU 9.14, Malpractice RVU 1.51, Total RVU 21.07

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 10.42, Practice Exp. RVU 9.14, Malpractice RVU 1.51, Total RVU 21.07

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 090, Preop 9.00%, Intraop 81.00%, Postop 10.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 1

Modifier Allowances

22, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 62, 63, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 99, AQ, AR, CR, ET, GA, GC, GJ, GR, KX, PD, PT, Q5, Q6, QJ, XE, XP, XS, XU

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

 $0213T^0,0216T^0,0596T^1,0597T^1,0708T^1,0709T^1,11000^1,11001^1,\\11004^1,11005^1,11006^1,11042^1,11043^1,11044^1,11045^1,11046^1,\\11047^1,12001^1,12002^1,12004^1,12005^1,12006^1,12007^1,12011^1,\\12013^1,12014^1,12015^1,12016^1,12017^1,12018^1,12020^1,12021^1,$

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ICD-10-CM Cross References

C20, C21.2, C21.8, C78.5, C7A.096, C7A.098, D01.1, D01.2, D12.7-D12.9, D18.03, D37.1-D37.5, D3A.026, K62.5, K62.82, Q43.4-Q43.9, R19.4, R19.8, R68.0

45300

Proctosigmoidoscopy, rigid; diagnostic, with or without collection of specimen(s) by brushing or washing (separate procedure)

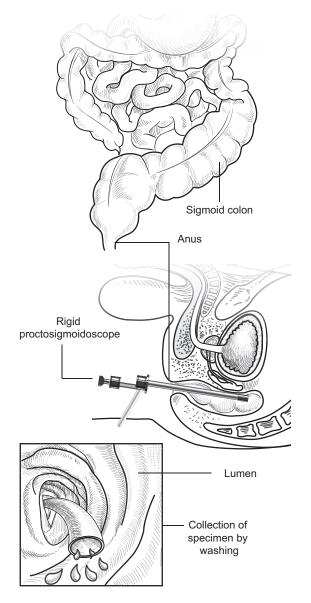
Clinical Responsibility

When the patient is appropriately prepped and anesthetized, the provider inserts a rigid proctosigmoidscope through the anus and advances it to the anal canal, rectum, and the sigmoid colon. The provider then inspects the internal surface of the area and may also collect some samples of tissue by brushing or washing the area with a saline solution. Once the provider finishes the examination, he withdraws the scope.

Coding Tips

The descriptor for code 45300 indicates it is a separate procedure, meaning that you cannot report this code separately with a related procedure that a provider performs in an anatomically related region through the same skin incision. If the provider performs the 45300 procedure with an unrelated procedure, you may need to append modifier 59, Distinct procedural service to 45300.

Illustration



45300

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$47.23, Non Facility Fee: \$125.50

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 0.80, Practice Exp. RVU 0.53, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 1.46

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 0.80, Practice Exp. RVU 2.95, Malpractice RVU 0.13, Total RVU 3.88

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 000, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: A, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 1

Modifier Allowances

22, 47, 51, 52, 53, 58, 59, 63, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 99, AG, AQ, AR, CR, ET, GA, GC, GJ, GR, KX, PD, PT, Q5, Q6, QJ, XE, XP, XS, XU

0514U — 0515U

0514U

Gastroenterology (irritable bowel disease [IBD]), immunoassay for quantitative determination of adalimumab (ADL) levels in venous serum in patients undergoing adalimumab therapy, results reported as a numerical value as micrograms per milliliter (µg/mL)

Advice

CPT® adds 0514U to be reported only for Procise ADL™ from ProciseDx Inc. This test measures the levels of adalimumab (ADL) in venous serum of patients receiving adalimumab therapy, providing results as micrograms per milliliter (μ g/mL). The information helps the provider decide whether to adjust the patient's medication.

Effective date of this code: Oct. 1, 2024.

Clinical Responsibility

This code represents Procise ADL[™] from ProciseDx Inc. For this test, the lab analyst processes venous serum samples from patients undergoing adalimumab therapy. An immunoassay is used to measure the concentration of adalimumab, a medication used to treat inflammatory conditions such as irritable bowel disease (IBD). The results are reported as a numerical value in micrograms per milliliter (μ g/mL), helping clinicians monitor and adjust adalimumab therapy for optimal effectiveness.

Coding Tips

Use this code only for the appropriate proprietary test.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$0.00, Non Facility Fee: \$0.00

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 0.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.00, Malpractice RVU 0.00, Total RVU 0.00

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 0.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.00, Malpractice RVU 0.00, Total RVU 0.00

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 0, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: 0, PC/TC Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 0

Modifier Allowances

33, 90, 91, 99, GA, GC, GU, GX, GY, GZ, Q0, QJ, SC

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

Medicare does not provide NCCI edits for this code. Please check individual payer guidelines for specific coverage determinations.

ICD-10-CM Cross References

K50.00, K50.011-K50.019, K50.10, K50.111-K50.119, K50.80, K50.811-K50.819, K50.90, K50.911-K50.919, K51.00, K51.011-K51.019, K51.50, K51.511-K51.519, K51.80, K51.811-K51.819, K51.90, K51.911-K51.919, K52.0, K52.1, K52.21, K52.29, K52.3, K52.82, K52.831-K52.839, K52.89, K52.9, K58.0-K58.9

0515U

Gastroenterology (irritable bowel disease [IBD]), immunoassay for quantitative determination of infliximab (IFX) levels in venous serum in patients undergoing infliximab therapy, results reported as a numerical value as micrograms per milliliter (µq/mL)

Advice

CPT® adds 0515U to be reported only for Procise IFX™ from ProciseDx Inc. This test measures the levels of infliximab (IFX) in venous serum of patients receiving infliximab therapy, providing results as micrograms per milliliter (µg/mL). This information helps the provider with decisions about drug dose adjustments.

Effective date of this code: Oct. 1, 2024.

Clinical Responsibility

This code represents Procise IFX™ from ProciseDx Inc. For this test, the lab analyst processes venous serum samples from patients undergoing infliximab therapy. An immunoassay is used to measure the concentration of infliximab, a medication used to treat inflammatory conditions such as irritable bowel disease (IBD). The results are reported as a numerical value in micrograms per milliliter (µg/mL), helping clinicians monitor and adjust infliximab therapy for optimal effectiveness.

Coding Tips

Use this code only for the appropriate proprietary test.

Fee Schedule Information

Medicare Fees (National): Conversion Factor \$32.3465, Facility Fee: \$0.00, Non Facility Fee: \$0.00

RVU (Facility): Work RVU 0.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.00, Malpractice RVU 0.00, Total RVU 0.00

RVU (Non-Facility): Work RVU 0.00, Practice Exp. RVU 0.00, Malpractice RVU 0.00, Total RVU 0.00

MPFS Payment Policy Indicators: Global Period 0, Preop 0.00%, Intraop 0.00%, Postop 0.00%, MPFS Status Indicator: 0, PC/TC

Indicator: 0, Endoscopic Base Code: None

Practitioner MUE: 0

Modifier Allowances

33, 90, 91, 99, GA, GC, GU, GX, GY, GZ, Q0, QJ, SC

NCCI Alerts (version 31.0)

Medicare does not provide NCCI edits for this code. Please check individual payer guidelines for specific coverage determinations.

ICD-10-CM Cross References

K50.00, K50.011-K50.019, K50.10, K50.111-K50.119, K50.80, K50.811-K50.819, K50.90, K50.911-K50.919, K51.00, K51.011-K51.019, K51.50, K51.511-K51.519, K51.80, K51.811-K51.819, K51.90, K51.911-K51.919, K52.0, K52.1, K52.21, K52.29, K52.3, K52.82, K52.831-K52.839, K52.89, K52.9, K58.0-K58.9

HCPCS Level II Codes

Medical and Surgical Supplies

A4436

Irrigation supply; sleeve, reusable, per month

Clinical Responsibility

This code represents a reusable irrigation sleeve. A patient with a stoma (an opening from inside the body to outside) uses the sleeve as part of waste removal. For instance, in the case of a colostomy that attaches part of the colon to the outside of the body, the patient may attach the irrigation sleeve and place the other end so it empties water and stool into the toilet as part of the process of irrigating the colostomy. The patient cleans the reusable irrigation sleeve after use. This code represents reusable sleeve supply for one month.

Coding Tips

See A4437 for disposable irrigation sleeves.

BETOS

D1F: Prosthetic/Orthotic devices

A4437

Irrigation supply; sleeve, disposable, per month

Clinical Responsibility

This code represents disposable irrigation sleeves. A patient with a stoma (an opening from inside the body to outside) uses the sleeve as part of waste removal. For instance, in the case of a colostomy that attaches part of the colon to the outside of the body, the patient may attach the irrigation sleeve and place the other end so it empties water and stool into the toilet as part of the process of irrigating the colostomy. The patient disposes of the irrigation sleeve after use. This code represents disposable sleeve supply for one month.

Coding Tips

See A4436 for reusable irrigation sleeves.

BETOS

D1F: Prosthetic/Orthotic devices

A4453

Rectal catheter for use with the manual pump-operated enema system, replacement only

Clinical Responsibility

Report this code for the supply of a replacement rectal catheter (tube) used with an enema system. The system uses a manual pump to deliver water into the colon, or large intestine, and includes a balloon, catheter, and other accessories for enema.

An enema system evacuates stool from the bowel by pumping water or other liquid into the colon. The system's manual pump propels water into the colon from a container to break up the stool and stimulate peristalsis, which is an involuntary contraction and relaxation of the gastrointestinal tract muscles. Then, after removal of the enema system, the patient is allowed to evacuate.

BETOS

Z2: Undefined codes

ICD-10-CM Cross Reference Details

A00.0	Chalava dua to Vibrio abalava 04 history de la con-	A17.0	Tule availance as as in sixta
A00.0 A00.1	Cholera due to Vibrio cholerae 01, biovar cholerae Cholera due to Vibrio cholerae 01, biovar eltor	A17.0 A17.1	Tuberculous meningitis Meningeal tuberculoma
A00.1	Cholera, unspecified	A17.1 A17.81	Tuberculoma of brain and spinal cord
A01.09	Typhoid fever with other complications		Tuberculous meningoencephalitis
A02.0	Salmonella enteritis	A17.83	Tuberculous neuritis
A02.1	Salmonella sepsis	A17.89	Other tuberculosis of nervous system
A03.0	Shigellosis due to Shigella dysenteriae	A17.9	Tuberculosis of nervous system, unspecified
A03.1	Shigellosis due to Shigella flexneri	A18.01	Tuberculosis of spine
A03.2	Shigellosis due to Shigella boydii	A18.02	Tuberculous arthritis of other joints
A03.3 A03.8	Shigellosis due to Shigella sonnei Other shigellosis	A18.03 A18.09	Tuberculosis of other bones Other musculoskeletal tuberculosis
A03.9	Shigellosis, unspecified	A18.10	Tuberculosis of genitourinary system, unspecified
A04.0	Enteropathogenic Escherichia coli infection	A18.11	Tuberculosis of kidney and ureter
A04.1	Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli infection	A18.12	Tuberculosis of bladder
A04.2	Enteroinvasive Escherichia coli infection	A18.13	Tuberculosis of other urinary organs
A04.3	Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli infection	A18.14	Tuberculosis of prostate
A04.4	Other intestinal Escherichia coli infections	A18.15	Tuberculosis of other male genital organs
A04.5	Campylobacter enteritis	A18.16	Tuberculosis of cervix
A04.6 A04.71	Enteritis due to Yersinia enterocolitica Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile, recurrent	A18.17 A18.18	Tuberculous female pelvic inflammatory disease Tuberculosis of other female genital organs
A04.71 A04.72	Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile, recurrent Enterocolitis due to Clostridium difficile, not specified as	A18.2	Tuberculous peripheral lymphadenopathy
7.0-1.7 2	recurrent	A18.31	Tuberculous peritonitis
A04.8	Other specified bacterial intestinal infections	A18.32	Tuberculous enteritis
A04.9	Bacterial intestinal infection, unspecified	A18.39	Retroperitoneal tuberculosis
A05.0	Foodborne staphylococcal intoxication	A18.4	Tuberculosis of skin and subcutaneous tissue
A05.1	Botulism food poisoning	A18.50	Tuberculosis of eye, unspecified
A05.2	Foodborne Clostridium perfringens [Clostridium welchii]	A18.51	Tuberculous episcleritis
405.2	intoxication	A18.52	Tuberculous keratitis
A05.3 A05.4	Foodborne Vibrio parahaemolyticus intoxication Foodborne Bacillus cereus intoxication	A18.53 A18.54	Tuberculous chorioretinitis Tuberculous iridocyclitis
A05.5	Foodborne Vibrio vulnificus intoxication	A18.59	Other tuberculosis of eye
A05.8	Other specified bacterial foodborne intoxications	A18.6	Tuberculosis of (inner) (middle) ear
A05.9	Bacterial foodborne intoxication, unspecified	A18.7	Tuberculosis of adrenal glands
A06.0	Acute amebic dysentery	A18.81	Tuberculosis of thyroid gland
A06.1	Chronic intestinal amebiasis	A18.82	Tuberculosis of other endocrine glands
A06.2	Amebic nondysenteric colitis	A18.83	Tuberculosis of digestive tract organs, not elsewhere classified
A06.3 A06.4	Ameboma of intestine Amebic liver abscess	A18.84 A18.85	Tuberculosis of heart Tuberculosis of spleen
A06.4 A06.5	Amebic liver abscess Amebic lung abscess	A18.89	Tuberculosis of spieeri Tuberculosis of other sites
A06.7	Cutaneous amebiasis	A19.0	Acute miliary tuberculosis of a single specified site
A06.81	Amebic cystitis	A19.1	Acute miliary tuberculosis of multiple sites
A06.82	Other amebic genitourinary infections	A19.2	Acute miliary tuberculosis, unspecified
A06.89	Other amebic infections	A19.8	Other miliary tuberculosis
A06.9	Amebiasis, unspecified	A20.1	Cellulocutaneous plague
A07.0	Balantidiasis	A20.2	Pneumonic plague
A07.1 A07.2	Giardiasis [lambliasis] Cryptosporidiosis	A20.3 A20.7	Plague meningitis Septicemic plague
A07.2 A07.3	Isosporiasis	A20.7 A20.8	Other forms of plague
A07.4	Cyclosporiasis	A21.1	Oculoglandular tularemia
A07.8	Other specified protozoal intestinal diseases	A21.2	Pulmonary tularemia
A07.9	Protozoal intestinal disease, unspecified	A21.3	Gastrointestinal tularemia
A08.0	Rotaviral enteritis	A21.7	Generalized tularemia
A08.11	Acute gastroenteropathy due to Norwalk agent	A21.8	Other forms of tularemia
A08.19	Acute gastroenteropathy due to other small round viruses	A22.0	Cutaneous anthrax
A08.2 A08.31	Adenoviral enteritis Calicivirus enteritis	A22.1 A22.2	Pulmonary anthrax Gastrointestinal anthrax
A08.32	Astrovirus enteritis	A22.7	Anthrax sepsis
A08.39	Other viral enteritis	A22.8	Other forms of anthrax
A08.4	Viral intestinal infection, unspecified	A23.8	Other brucellosis
A08.8	Other specified intestinal infections	A24.0	Glanders
A09	Infectious gastroenteritis and colitis, unspecified	A24.2	Subacute and chronic melioidosis
A15.0	Tuberculosis of lung	A24.3	Other melioidosis
A15.4	Tuberculosis of intrathoracic lymph nodes	A24.9	Melioidosis, unspecified
A15.5	Tuberculosis of larynx, trachea and bronchus Tuberculous pleurisy	A25.1	Streptobacillosis Erysipelothrix sepsis
A15.6 A15.7	Primary respiratory tuberculosis	A26.7 A26.8	Other forms of erysipeloid
A15.8	Other respiratory tuberculosis	A26.9	Erysipeloid, unspecified
A15.9	Respiratory tuberculosis unspecified	A28.0	Pasteurellosis
	•		

A28.2	Extraintestinal yersiniosis	A54.1	Gonococcal infection of lower genitourinary tract with
A28.8	Other specified zoonotic bacterial diseases, not elsewhere		periurethral and accessory gland abscess
	classified	A54.21	Gonococcal infection of kidney and ureter
A28.9	Zoonotic bacterial disease, unspecified	A54.22	Gonococcal prostatitis
A30.0	Indeterminate leprosy	A54.23	Gonococcal infection of other male genital organs
A30.1	Tuberculoid leprosy	A54.24	Gonococcal female pelvic inflammatory disease
A30.2	Borderline tuberculoid leprosy	A54.29	Other gonococcal genitourinary infections
A30.3	Borderline leprosy	A54.30	Gonococcal infection of eye, unspecified
	· · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A30.4	Borderline lepromatous leprosy	A54.31	Gonococcal conjunctivitis
A30.5	Lepromatous leprosy	A54.32	Gonococcal iridocyclitis
A30.8	Other forms of leprosy	A54.33	Gonococcal keratitis
A30.9	Leprosy, unspecified	A54.39	Other gonococcal eye infection
A31.0	Pulmonary mycobacterial infection	A54.40	Gonococcal infection of musculoskeletal system, unspecified
A31.9	Mycobacterial infection, unspecified	A54.41	Gonococcal spondylopathy
A32.11	Listerial meningitis	A54.42	Gonococcal arthritis
A32.12	Listerial meningoencephalitis	A54.43	Gonococcal osteomyelitis
A32.7	Listerial sepsis	A54.49	Gonococcal infection of other musculoskeletal tissue
A32.81	Oculoglandular listeriosis	A54.5	Gonococcal pharyngitis
A32.82	Listerial endocarditis	A54.6	Gonococcal infection of anus and rectum
A32.89	Other forms of listeriosis	A54.81	Gonococcal meningitis
			Gonococcal heart infection
A32.9	Listeriosis, unspecified	A54.83	
A35	Other tetanus	A54.84	Gonococcal pneumonia
A36.0	Pharyngeal diphtheria	A54.85	Gonococcal peritonitis
A36.1	Nasopharyngeal diphtheria	A54.86	Gonococcal sepsis
A36.2	Laryngeal diphtheria	A54.89	Other gonococcal infections
A36.3	Cutaneous diphtheria	A54.9	Gonococcal infection, unspecified
A36.81	Diphtheritic cardiomyopathy	A56.01	Chlamydial cystitis and urethritis
A36.82	Diphtheritic radiculomyelitis	A56.11	Chlamydial female pelvic inflammatory disease
A36.83	Diphtheritic polyneuritis	A56.4	Chlamydial infection of pharynx
A36.84	Diphtheritic tubulo-interstitial nephropathy	A57	Chancroid
A36.85	Diphtheritic cystitis	A58	Granuloma inguinale
A36.86	Diphtheritic conjunctivitis	A59.03	Trichomonal cystitis and urethritis
A36.89	•	A60.00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Other diphtheritic complications		Herpesviral infection of urogenital system, unspecified
A38.8	Scarlet fever with other complications	A60.9	Anogenital herpesviral infection, unspecified
A39.0	Meningococcal meningitis	A63.0	Anogenital (venereal) warts
A39.2	Acute meningococcemia	A79.82	Anaplasmosis [A. phagocytophilum]
A39.3	Chronic meningococcemia	A81.83	Fatal familial insomnia
A39.4	Meningococcemia, unspecified	A90	Dengue fever [classical dengue]
A39.50	Meningococcal carditis, unspecified	A91	Dengue hemorrhagic fever
A39.51	Meningococcal endocarditis	A92.39	West Nile virus infection with other complications
A39.52	Meningococcal myocarditis	A92.5	Zika virus disease
A39.53	Meningococcal pericarditis	B00.81	Herpesviral hepatitis
A39.81	Meningococcal encephalitis	B01.89	Other varicella complications
A39.82	Meningococcal retrobulbar neuritis	B01.9	Varicella without complication
A39.83	Meningococcal arthritis	B02.8	Zoster with other complications
A39.84	Postmeningococcal arthritis	B02.9	Zoster without complications
A39.89	Other meningococcal infections	B05.4	Measles with intestinal complications
A41.50	Gram-negative sepsis, unspecified	B05.89	Other measles complications
A41.52	Sepsis due to Pseudomonas	B05.9	Measles without complication
A41.54	Sepsis due to Acinetobacter baumannii	B06.00	Rubella with neurological complication, unspecified
A41.9	Sepsis, unspecified organism	B06.09	Other neurological complications of rubella
A43.0	Pulmonary nocardiosis	B06.89	Other rubella complications
	•	B06.9	•
A43.8	Other forms of nocardiosis		Rubella without complication
A46	Erysipelas	B07.9	Viral wart, unspecified
A48.0	Gas gangrene	B08.1	Molluscum contagiosum
A48.2	Nonpneumonic Legionnaires' disease [Pontiac fever]	B15.0	Hepatitis A with hepatic coma
A48.8	Other specified bacterial diseases	B15.9	Hepatitis A without hepatic coma
A49.01	Methicillin susceptible Staphylococcus aureus infection,	B16.0	Acute hepatitis B with delta-agent with hepatic coma
	unspecified site	B16.1	Acute hepatitis B with delta-agent without hepatic coma
A49.02	Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus infection,	B16.2	Acute hepatitis B without delta-agent with hepatic coma
	unspecified site	B16.9	Acute hepatitis B without delta-agent and without hepatic
A49.2	Hemophilus influenzae infection, unspecified site		coma
A49.3	Mycoplasma infection, unspecified site	B17.0	Acute delta-(super) infection of hepatitis B carrier
A49.8	Other bacterial infections of unspecified site	B17.10	Acute hepatitis C without hepatic coma
A49.9	Bacterial infection, unspecified	B17.10	Acute hepatitis C without hepatic coma Acute hepatitis C with hepatic coma
			·
A51.45	Secondary syphilitic hepatitis	B17.2	Acute hepatitis E
A52.74	Syphilis of liver and other viscera	B17.8	Other specified acute viral hepatitis
A54.00	Gonococcal infection of lower genitourinary tract, unspecified	B17.9	Acute viral hepatitis, unspecified
A54.01	Gonococcal cystitis and urethritis, unspecified	B18.0	Chronic viral hepatitis B with delta-agent
A54.02	Gonococcal vulvovaginitis, unspecified	B18.1	Chronic viral hepatitis B without delta-agent
A54.03	Gonococcal cervicitis, unspecified	B18.2	Chronic viral hepatitis C
A54.09	Other gonococcal infection of lower genitourinary tract	B18.8	Other chronic viral hepatitis

Modifier Descriptors

Modifier	Description
	CPT® Modifiers
22	Increased Procedural Services
23	Unusual Anesthesia
24	Unrelated Evaluation and Management Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional During a Postoperative Period
25	Significant, Separately Identifiable Evaluation and Management Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional on the Same Day of the Procedure or Other Service
26	Professional Component
27	Multiple Outpatient Hospital E/M Encounters on the Same Date
32	Mandated Services
33	Preventive Services
47	Anesthesia by Surgeon
50	Bilateral Procedure
51	Multiple Procedures
52	Reduced Services
53	Discontinued Procedure
54	Surgical Care Only
55	Postoperative Management Only
56	Preoperative Management Only
57	Decision for Surgery
58	Staged or Related Procedure or Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional During the Postoperative Period
59	Distinct Procedural Service
62	Two Surgeons
63	Procedure Performed on Infants less than 4 kg
66	Surgical Team
73	Discontinued Out-Patient Hospital/Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) Procedure Prior to the Administration of Anesthesia
74	Discontinued Out-Patient Hospital/Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC) Procedure After Administration of Anesthesia
76	Repeat Procedure or Service by Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional
77	Repeat Procedure by Another Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional

Modifier	Description
	•
78	Unplanned Return to the Operating/Procedure Room by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional Following Initial Procedure for a Related Procedure During the Postoperative Period
79	Unrelated Procedure or Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional During the Postoperative Period
80	Assistant Surgeon
81	Minimum Assistant Surgeon
82	Assistant Surgeon (when qualified resident surgeon not available)
90	Reference (Outside) Laboratory
91	Repeat Clinical Diagnostic Laboratory Test
92	Alternative Laboratory Platform Testing
93	Synchronous Telemedicine Service Rendered Via Telephone or Other Real-Time Interactive Audio- Only Telecommunications System
95	Synchronous Telemedicine Service Rendered Via a Real-Time Interactive Audio and Video Telecommunications System
96	Habilitative Services
97	Rehabilitative Services
99	Multiple Modifiers
	CPT® Category II Modifiers
1P	Performance Measure Exclusion Modifier due to Medical Reasons
2P	Performance Measure Exclusion Modifier due to Patient Reasons
3P	Performance Measure Exclusion Modifier due to System Reasons
8P	Performance Measure Reporting Modifier - Action Not Performed, Reason Not Otherwise Specified
	HCPCS Level II Modifiers
A1	Dressing for one wound
A2	Dressing for two wounds
А3	Dressing for three wounds
A4	Dressing for four wounds
A5	Dressing for five wounds
A6	Dressing for six wounds
A7	Dressing for seven wounds
A8	Dressing for eight wounds
A9	Dressing for nine or more wounds
AA	Anesthesia services performed personally by anesthesiologist

Modifier	Description
AB	-
AB	Audiology service furnished personally by an audiologist without a physician/npp order for
	non-acute hearing assessment unrelated to
	disequilibrium, or hearing aids, or examinations
	for the purpose of prescribing, fitting, or changing hearing aids; service may be performed once every
	12 months, per beneficiary
AD	Medical supervision by a physician: more than four
	concurrent anesthesia procedures
AE	Registered dietician
AF	Specialty physician
AG	Primary physician
АН	Clinical psychologist
AI	Principal physician of record
AJ	Clinical social worker
AK	Non participating physician
AM	Physician, team member service
AO	Alternate payment method declined by provider of service
AP	Determination of refractive state was not
	performed in the course of diagnostic ophthalmological examination
AQ	Physician providing a service in an unlisted health
	professional shortage area (HPSA)
AR	Physician provider services in a physician scarcity area
AS	Physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist services for assistant at surgery
AT	Acute treatment (this modifier should be used when reporting service 98940, 98941, 98942)
AU	Item furnished in conjunction with a urological, ostomy, or tracheostomy supply
AV	Item furnished in conjunction with a prosthetic
	device, prosthetic or orthotic
AW	Item furnished in conjunction with a surgical dressing
AX	Item furnished in conjunction with dialysis services
AY	Item or service furnished to an ESRD patient that is not for the treatment of ESRD
AZ	Physician providing a service in a dental health
	professional shortage area for the purpose of an electronic health record incentive payment
ВА	Item furnished in conjunction with parenteral enteral nutrition (PEN) services
BL	Special acquisition of blood and blood products
ВО	Orally administered nutrition, not by feeding tube
ВР	The beneficiary has been informed of the purchase and rental options and has elected to purchase the item
BR	The beneficiary has been informed of the purchase and rental options and has elected to rent the item

Modifier	Description
BU	The beneficiary has been informed of the purchase and rental options and after 30 days has not informed the supplier of his/her decision
CA	Procedure payable only in the inpatient setting when performed emergently on an outpatient who expires prior to admission
СВ	Service ordered by a renal dialysis facility (RDF) physician as part of the ESRD beneficiary's dialysis benefit, is not part of the composite rate, and is separately reimbursable
СС	Procedure code change (use 'CC' when the procedure code submitted was changed either for administrative reasons or because an incorrect code was filed)
CD	AMCC test has been ordered by an ESRD facility or MCP physician that is part of the composite rate and is not separately billable
CE	AMCC test has been ordered by an ESRD facility or MCP physician that is a composite rate test but is beyond the normal frequency covered under the rate and is separately reimbursable based on medical necessity
CF	AMCC test has been ordered by an ESRD facility or MCP physician that is not part of the composite rate and is separately billable
CG	Policy criteria applied
СН	0 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CI	At least 1 percent but less than 20 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CI	At least 20 percent but less than 40 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CK	At least 40 percent but less than 60 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CL	At least 60 percent but less than 80 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CM	At least 80 percent but less than 100 percent impaired, limited or restricted
CN	100 percent impaired, limited or restricted
со	Outpatient occupational therapy services furnished in whole or in part by an occupational therapy assistant
CQ	Outpatient physical therapy services furnished in whole or in part by a physical therapist assistant
CR	Catastrophe/disaster related
CS	Cost-sharing waived for specified COVID-19 testing-related services that result in and order for or administration of a COVID-19 test and/or used for cost-sharing waived preventive services furnished via telehealth in rural health clinics and federally qualified health centers during the COVID-19 public health emergency

Terminology

Terms	Definition		
Abbe Estlander operation	Transfer of a full thickness section of one lip to the other lip ensuring survival of the graft.		
Abdominal approach	The provider makes an incision in the abdomen to perform various operations in the abdomen.		
Abdominal paracentesis	Surgical puncture of the abdominal cavity for the removal of fluid for diagnosis or treatment.		
Abdominal wall	Boundaries of the abdominal cavity.		
Abdominoperineal pull through procedure	A surgical procedure that involves two approaches, one through the abdomen and a second through the perineum.		
Ablation	Removal of a body part or organ, or destruction of its function; in laser ablation a provider uses heat produced by adjustable focused light energy to destroy lesions or abnormal tissue, while in a radiofrequency ablation the provider uses heat produced by focused electromagnetic waves to destroy lesions or abnormal tissue.		
Abscess	Sac or pocket formed due to the accumulation of purulent material, pus in the soft tissues.		
Absorption	Taking in of substances by tissues.		
Acid	Sour chemical substance that has can neutralize alkalis, dissolve certain metals and have a pH less than seven.		
Acid analysis, or gastric acid secretion test	A laboratory test to determine the presence and amount of gastrin, a hormone that regulates acid production in the stomach, and the pH, the acidity or alkalinity, in stomach fluid; acidity is normal, but too much acidity causes ulcers.		
Acid-base balance	The condition of the balance between the acid ions and the base or alkaline ions, a delicate mechanism, which controls the pH or acidity-alkalinity in the body.		
Acidosis	Increased acidity in the blood due to increased hydrogen ions, causing a decrease in pH below 7.35; this affects all body functions especially metabolism and respiration.		
Acute	A medical condition or injury of sudden onset, sometimes severe in nature, and typically lasts a short period of time; opposite of chronic.		
Acute necrotizing pancreatitis	Life threatening and painful condition that is short term, rather than chronic, and often associated with severe inflammation and necrosis, or tissue death, of the pancreas.		
Acute pancreatitis	Life threatening and painful condition that is short term, rather than chronic, and associated with severe inflammation of the pancreas.		
Addison's disease	A disease caused by insufficient production of cortisol or aldosterone by the adrenal glands.		
Adenoma	Benign tumor of a glandular structure.		
Adhesiolysis	Separation of adhesions.		
Adhesions	Fibrous bands that form between tissues and organs, sometimes as a result of injury during surgery; they may be thought of as internal scar tissue.		
Adhesive material	Cotton or a fabric coated with a covering that is used to cover minor skin injuries.		
Adjustable gastric restrictive device	A band placed around the stomach to restrict the size of the stomach; it encloses a balloon which can be adjusted by adding or removing saline via a reservoir and port attached just below the skin of the abdomen, effectively reducing or enlarging the outlet to regulate the amount of food that can pass through.		
Advance directive	A document which enables a person to make provision for his health care decisions in case if in the future, he becomes unable to make those decisions; include documents such as a living will and a medical power of attorney.		
Afferent loop culture	A sample of secretions from the proximal loop of the duodenum and jejunum for bacterial analysis.		
Albumin	A liver protein that tells a provider about a patient's liver function and nutritional status by measuring the level of the protein in the blood.		
Albumin dialysis	A process to remove albumin-bound toxins (waste products harmful to the body) from patients in liver failure or impending liver failure; albumin is the most abundant protein in blood plasma and helps maintain the water concentration of blood.		
Algorithm	A specific set of step-by-step calculations using defined inputs at each step to produce a useful output.		
Alkali	Chemical substance that neutralizes with acid, serves weak bases and has a pH more than seven.		
Alkalosis	Decreased acidity in the blood due to decrease in hydrogen ions, causing an alkaline state of a pH greater than 7.45; this affects all body functions especially metabolism and respiration.		

Terms	Definition
Alligator forceps	Strong toothed pincers or tongs used for grasping.
Allograft	A tissue graft harvested from one person for another; donors include cadavers and living individuals
	related or unrelated to the recipient; also called allogeneic graft and homograft.
Allotransplantation	An organ or tissue transfer between genetically different individuals of the same species.
Alveolar bone	A thick bone that makes up the bony process of the upper jaw, called the maxilla, and the lower jaw, called the mandible; includes sockets for the teeth; the bone has small blood vessels and a nerve
	supply, and it provides support to the teeth.
Alveolar process	A bony ridge that forms the borders of the upper and lower jaw and contains the sockets for the teeth.
Alveolar ridge	A ridge like border on the upper and lower jaw containing tooth sockets.
Alveolectomy	Surgical procedure in which the provider excises the alveolar process along with reshaping the surface.
Alveolus	Also known as the alveolar process, dental alveolus, or alveolar bone, this is the bony ridge with tooth sockets in both the jaws.
Amenable	Manageable or responsive to treatment.
Amoeba	A tiny single cell organism which lives in fresh water.
Amplification	Making more copies of a desired gene for study by processes such as polymerase chain reaction, called PCR, or transcription of DNA to RNA and reverse transcription from RNA to make an additional copy of the DNA.
Ampulla of Vater	Also known as the hepatopancreatic ampulla, formed by the union of the pancreatic duct and the common bile duct.
Anal canal	The terminal portion of the digestive tube from the rectum to the anus.
Anal fissure	A break or tear in the skin of the anal canal.
Anal fistula	An anal fistula is an abnormal connection between the epithelialised surface of the anal canal and usually the perianal skin.
Anal incontinence	Lack of control over the muscles involved in defecation, leading to involuntary loss of bowel contents; also known as fecal or rectal incontinence.
Anal papilla	Well defined projections of epithelium at the junction of skin and mucous of anus.
Anal sphincter	The anal sphincter consists of the internal anal sphincter and the external anal sphincter; the internal anal sphincter is formed from smooth muscle of the anal canal; the external anal sphincter, which is larger and of importance in fecal continence, is made up of striated muscle.
Anal tag	Lump or shapeless protrusions of skin, near the anal opening.
Anastomosis	Surgical connection between two, usually tubular, structures or the rejoining of a tubular structure, such as a vessel or the intestines, after removal of a diseased portion.
Aneurysm	Weakness in the wall of a blood vessel or wall of a ventricle of the heart, typically the left ventricle, causing the wall to balloon out; sometimes requiring surgical excision or repair to prevent rupture.
Aneurysm needle	A needle with a handle, which the provider commonly uses to tie blood vessels.
Ankyloglossia	Also called tongue tie, is a minor defect present from birth in which the frenum is too short and it limits the movement of the tongue.
Anomaly	Not normal structurally or functionally, out of place; typically describes a congenital deformity, one present at birth.
Anoperineal fistula	A fistula relating to the anus and surrounding perineum.
Anoplasty	Surgical procedure to reconstruct the anus.
Anorectal	Pertaining to the anus, or the distal opening of the intestine, and the rectum.
Anorectal manometry	Use of a pressure recording device to measure the contraction strength of the anus and rectum.
Anorectal myomectomy	The removal of a myoma, or tumor of the muscle, from the anal or rectal region.
Anorectal ring	A muscular structure between the anus and the rectum.
Anorectovaginoplasty	A surgical technique to repair female anorectal and a vaginal defect or malformation.
Anoscope	A medical instrument which the provider passes through the anal cavity for examination purposes.
Anoscopy	A procedure in which the provider passes a medical instrument called an anoscope through the anal cavity to examine the inner wall of the anus and the rectum.
Anterior	Closer to the front part of the body.
Antibiotic	Substance that inhibits infection.
Antibiotic solution	A solution of water or saline that contains an antibiotic, a substance that inhibits infection.
Antibiotic Solution	A solution of water of same that contains an antibiotic, a substance that inhibits injection.

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- Bradley Miller, CPC, CRC, CDEO

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